# India - IN021 Excess Mortality: Surveillance Episodes Datasets

Dr Anand Kawade - KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune Dr Sanjay Juvekar - KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune Dr Dhiraj Agarwal - KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune

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Visit our data catalog at: https://data.agincourt.co.za/index.php

### Overview

### Identification

ID NUMBER IN021-EXMORTALITY-02

### Version

VERSION DESCRIPTION v1: Dataset for public distribution.

PRODUCTION DATE 2023-06-01

NOTES v1: Dataset for public distribution.

### **Overview**

#### ABSTRACT

Following the declaration of COVID-19 as a pandemic by the World Health Organization, there have been high levels of reported deaths, at least in countries with functioning civil registration and vital statistics (CRVS). These largely under-represent the true mortality due to COVID-19. A fundamental question, then, is what is the impact of COVID-19 on mortality and the scale of excess deaths, and the population sub-groups most affected, particularly in low- and middle-income settings? Constructing a true representation of COVID-19 deaths can be useful for social policies and future pandemic preparedness planning. The goal of this initiative is to characterise all-cause mortality rates and trends, by age and sex, across a range of rural and urban sub-Saharan African and South Asian settings under continuous health and demographic surveillance.

This a multinational initiative bringing together 17 sites/centres from Africa and South Asia. This dataset represents a snapshot of the continually evolving data in the underlying longitudinal databases maintained by the nodes.

KIND OF DATA Event history data

UNITS OF ANALYSIS Exposure Episodes

### Scope

#### NOTES

Each record in the dataset represents a period of observation for an individual during which all the recorded characteristics of the individual stay constant. For example, on the birthday of the individual a new episode will start, because the age of the individual has changed. An out-migration will result in a new episode, because the location or residential status has changed. Any change in one of the status values, such as education or marital status, will likewise result in a new episode on the date of the change.

TOPICS		
Торіс	Vocabulary	URI

Торіс	Vocabulary	URI
Episodes, Mortality, Migration		

#### **KEYWORDS**

Episodes, Mortality, Migration

#### Coverage

#### GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

The data are collected from the Vadu health and socio-demographic surveillance area in rural, Pune, India. The Vadu site covers approximately 235 km2 in Pune district, Shirur and Haveli block in western part of India.

#### UNIVERSE

Households resident in dwellings within the study area will be eligible for inclusion in the surveillance. All individuals identified by the household proxy informant as a member of the household will be enumerated. A resident household member is an individual that intends to sleep the majority of time at the dwelling occupied by the household over a four-month period. Households will include resident and non-resident members. An individual is a non-resident member if they have close ties to the household, but do not physically reside with the household most of the time. They can also be called temporary migrants and they are enumerated within the household list. Because household membership is not tied to physical residency, an individual may be a member of more than one household.

### **Producers and Sponsors**

#### PRIMARY INVESTIGATOR(S)

Name	Affiliation
Dr Anand Kawade	KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune
Dr Sanjay Juvekar	KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune
Dr Dhiraj Agarwal	KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune

#### OTHER PRODUCER(S)

Name	Affiliation	Role
Uddhavi Kand	KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune	Technical Assistance
Bharat Choudhari	KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune	Technical Assistance
Sandeep Bhujbal	KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune	Technical Assistance
Arunkumar Gondhali	KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune	Technical Assistance
Tapas Kumar Mohanty	KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune	Technical Assistance

#### FUNDING

Name	Abbreviation	Role
Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, Seattle, WA	BMGF	Current Funder

#### OTHER ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Name	Affiliation	Role
Vadu HDSS Field Research Assistants	KEM Hospital Research Centre Pune	Data collection
SAMRC/Wits Agincourt Team	Agincourt	Data Review
Kobus Herbst	SAPRIN	Data Review And QA
Beth Tippett-Barr	Nyanja Health Research Institute	Reviews

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# Sampling

### **Sampling Procedure**

This dataset is not based on a sample but contains information from the complete demographic surveillance areas.

# Questionnaires

### **Overview**

The data on this Repository is not the result of a single questionnaire but is a result of harmonised data from three different sites longitudinally collected over more than twenty years using different questionnaires that varied over time and site.

# Data Collection

### **Data Collection Dates**

<b>Start</b> 2003-01-01	<b>End</b> 2021-12-31	<b>Cycle</b> 1
Time Per	riods	
<b>Start</b> 2003-01-01	End	<b>Cycle</b> 1
Data Collection Notes		

In all the HDSS nodes, data are collected from a household proxy respondent, preferably the head of household or any next available senior adult resident household member, after informed consent was obtained by trained fieldworkers. Respondents are informed of the purpose and confidentiality of the interview, their right to refuse participation or withdraw from the study, and that scientists would be given access to anonymised data to analyse and publish information.

### Questionnaires

The data on this Repository is not the result of a single questionnaire but is a result of harmonised data from three different sites longitudinally collected over more than twenty years using different questionnaires that varied over time and site.

### Data Processing

### **Data Editing**

The first step in the data preparation process is quality assurance. The Data Management hub team assess the data submitted to ensure it is in the correct format and falls within expected value ranges. Other potential issues checked include: missing data, incorrect data types, unexpected duplicate or orphan records. The principle of the data quality checks is that if the data conversion conducted by the nodes was complete and accurate, there should be little or no difference in the data quality and demographic indicators between the base and versions of the nodal data. If the data submitted by the nodes meets the criteria for inclusion into the consolidated dataset the data moves to the second step of the data production process. However, if the data fail the inclusion checks, this could then lead to another iteration of data submission and quality control checks until Data Management hub is satisfied that they have high quality data.

# Data Appraisal

### **Estimates of Sampling Error**

Not Applicable

# **File Description**

# Variable List

# IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

Content	
Cases	231413
Variable(s)	13
Structure	Type: Keys: ()
Version	
Producer	
Missing Data	

# Variables

ID	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Question
V14	recnr	RecNr	contin	numeric	
V15	countryid	CountryId	discrete	numeric	
V16	centreid	Centreld	discrete	character	
V17	individualid	IndividualId	contin	numeric	
V18	sex	Sex	discrete	numeric	
V19	dob	DoB	discrete	character	
V20	episode	Episode	discrete	numeric	
V21	episodes	Episodes	discrete	numeric	
V22	startevent	StartEvent	discrete	character	
V23	startdate	Start Date	discrete	character	
V24	endevent	EndEvent	discrete	character	
V25	enddate	End Date	discrete	character	
V26	days	Days	contin	numeric	

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# RecNr (recnr) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Continuous Format: numeric Width: 12 Decimals: 0 Range: 1-231413 Valid cases: 231413 Invalid: 0 Minimum: 1 Maximum: 231413 Mean: 115707 Standard deviation: 66803.3

# CountryId (countryid) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Discrete Format: numeric Width: 8 Decimals: 0 Range: 356-356 Valid cases: 231413 Invalid: 0

### CentreId (centreid) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Discrete Format: character Width: 5 Valid cases: 231413 Invalid: 0

### IndividualId (individualid) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Continuous Format: numeric Width: 12 Decimals: 0 Range: 1-398975 Valid cases: 231413 Invalid: 0 Minimum: 1 Maximum: 398975 Mean: 203208.9 Standard deviation: 118304.8

## Sex (sex) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Discrete Format: numeric Width: 8 Decimals: 0 Range: 1-3 Valid cases: 231413 Invalid: 0

# DoB (dob) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Discrete Format: character Width: 11 Valid cases: 231407 Minimum: NaN Maximum: NaN

# Episode (episode) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Discrete Format: numeric Width: 8 Decimals: 0 Range: 1-5 Valid cases: 231413 Invalid: 0

### Episodes (episodes) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Discrete Format: numeric Width: 8 Decimals: 0 Range: 1-5 Valid cases: 231413 Invalid: 0

### StartEvent (startevent) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Discrete Format: character Width: 3 Valid cases: 231413 Invalid: 0

### Start Date (startdate) File: IN021 RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Discrete Format: character Width: 11 Valid cases: 231413 Minimum: NaN Maximum: NaN

## EndEvent (endevent) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

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# EndEvent (endevent) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

Type: Discrete Format: character Width: 3 Valid cases: 231413 Invalid: 0

### End Date (enddate) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Discrete Format: character Width: 11 Valid cases: 231413 Minimum: NaN Maximum: NaN

### Days (days) File: IN021\_RawCensoredEpisodes

#### Overview

Type: Continuous Format: numeric Width: 8 Decimals: 0 Range: 1-2810 Valid cases: 231413 Invalid: 0 Minimum: 1 Maximum: 2810 Mean: 1471.5 Standard deviation: 998.5

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